

Charters as Employers

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Purpose of this Session:

- Help charter board members and leaders
 - understand the connection between HR / labor practices and organizational success
 - understand and mitigate common HR risks and problems
 - develop effective HR policies
 - establish HR priorities

Most Common HR/ Labor Problems in Charter Schools

- 7 Turn-over
- Ineffective hiring practices
- Lack of understanding of "at-will employment"
- Lack of effective grievance policy and procedures
- Lack of diversity relative to student population
- Leave issues
- Employee discipline / termination / non-renewal and related documentation
- Lack of on-boarding / induction
- Nepotism
- Harassment / discrimination / retaliation
- Wage & hour issues
- Ineffective or lack of salary schedule
- Non-compliance with TKES / LKES
- Lack of performance evaluations for non-instructional staff
- Lack of professional development

Some General Statistics

- Research (National Center on School Choice, 2010) says...
 - **7** Charter school teachers have significantly higher turn over rates
 - 130% greater for leaving the profession
 - **76%** greater for moving schools
 - **♂** Start-up charters have higher turn over than conversions
 - 2x higher
 - **₹** EMO vs. non-EMO no significant difference
 - New schools versus schools 3+ years no significant difference

Some General Statistics

- Teacher characteristics play the largest role in turn-over rates in charters. More often than not, charter teachers are:
 - Younger
 - Less experienced
 - Part-timers (2x likelier to leave)
 - Uncertified (200% greater likelihood of leaving)
 - Strong academic backgrounds more likely to leave the profession... presumably skill set is transferrable to other professions
 - New teachers the most likely to leave...and most likely to be replaced with other new teachers...cycle continues.

Some General Statistics

- Dissatisfaction with working conditions also play an important role ("teachers voting with their feet.")
 - Dissatisfied with school (teachers will be as dissatisfied with charters)
 - Dissatisfaction with work conditions
 - Lack of administrative support
- Involuntary attrition is higher in charters
 - Charters have greater flexibility with personnel policies
 - Underperforming staff or staff not meeting ESEA requirements

Why Does It Matter?

- **↗** Attrition impacts your school....
 - Staff morale
 - **7** Trust
 - Instructional cohesion
 - Sustaining student enrollment
 - Sustaining financial operations
 - Program implementation and quality

The Leader's Role

- **7** Effectively....
 - Hire (board should ratify all hiring decisions)
 - Support
 - Monitor
 - Evaluate
 - Create positive working conditions/culture
 - Keep the board informed of HR / employment risks
- Success in these will lead to higher staff satisfaction, retention and student achievement

The Board's Role

- Develop an organizational model that promotes achievement, compliance and fiscal health
- Develop policies that promote fair labor practices
- Ratify hiring decisions
- Budget for HR processes-
 - Recruitment
 - Professional development
 - Legal advice

Hiring Quality Teachers and Staff

Agree or disagree? Why?

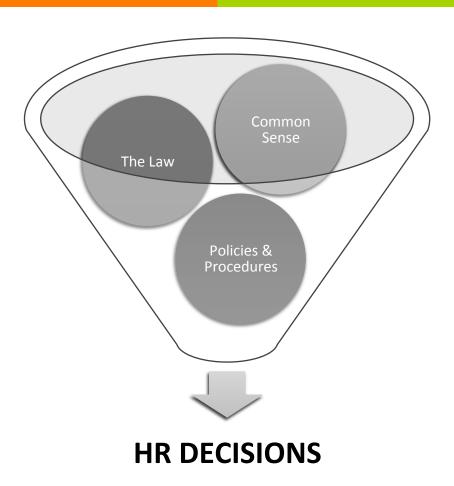
People are your most important asset.

Hiring Quality Teachers and Staff

Is this any closer to truth?

The <u>RIGHT</u> people are your most important asset.

Decision Making Filter



Consequences of Bad Employment Decisions

- Bad decisions will likely impact:
 - Morale and loyalty
 - Perception of fairness and trust
 - Potential litigation
 - Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) claims
 - Discovery requests, depositions and mediations
 - Documentation (or lack thereof)
 - Negative media exposure
 - Financial risk involved in litigation
 - Increase in insurance rates

Risks Involved at <u>all</u> Levels of Employment

- **₹** Five Stages:
 - 1. Pre-hiring
 - 2. Hiring
 - 3. During the course of employment
 - 4. Termination
 - 5. Post termination

Considerations in Hiring...

Pre-work

- Expected outcomes for the position(s)
- Job description and additional duties
- Pre-screening
- Applications must be legally compliant
- Requisite education, training, and experience
 - Highly Qualified (must be HQ)
 - Certification, Clearance Certificate (new PSC requirements)
- Dispositional / "Fit"
 - Age/grade
 - Demographics
 - Team and school culture/disposition
- Compensation

Considerations in Hiring...

Interview and Selection

- Credentials (Minimal training, education, experience)
- Recommendations
 - **♂** Who's important?
 - → Who does a candidate NOT want you to talk to?
 - Red flags?
- Screening
 - Takes place after credential/qualification screening
 - 15-30 min (may be phone screen)
 - General questions on qualities of effectiveness for position / role
 - Determines if interview should be invited to building level interview

Common Mistakes Leaders Make

Untrained interviewers
(illegal or unskilled
questioning)

Improper hiring criteria

Failure to adequately assess qualitative attributes (skill, impact)

Over-reliance on interviews (credentials, recommendations under emphasized or unchecked)

Interviewer prejudices left unchecked

During the Course of Employment

- Most labor issues arise during the course of employment-
 - Inadequate training or no training
 - Lack of performance evaluations (for all staff)
 - Inappropriate disciplinary practices
 - Harassment discrimination and retaliation accusations
 - Violations of wage and hour laws
 - Poor governance
 - Violation of leave laws
 - **Poor documentation** of the above

Employment-Related Training

- **Do you have documentation that all staff have been trained in the following:**
 - Sexual harassment / hostile work environment
 - Mandated reporter
 - Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)
 - Georgia Educator Code of Ethics
 - Grievance Policies and Procedures
- Why are these specific trainings important?

Document, Document

What do you think are the most common mistakes in terms of documentation?



Policy Considerations and (More) Common Mistakes

HR Policy Considerations...

- **7** Employment Law and Labor Relations
 - Wage and Hour-Fair Labor Standards Act
 - Family and Medical Leave Act
 - Equal Employment and Prohibition Against Discrimination
 - Whistleblower
 - Sexual Harassment
 - Child Labor
 - Drug Free Workplace
 - Workers Compensation
 - Privacy
 - Wage Garnishment
 - Jury Duty
 - Military Leave

- Employee Handbooks
- Hiring Practices
 - Employment Status
 - Interviewing
 - Offer Letters
 - Documentation
 - Orientation
 - Termination and Exit Interviews
- Ethical Matters
 - Risk Management
 - Training, Motivation and Retention
 - Staff Development
 - Mentor Programs

HR Policy Considerations...

- Equal Employment Policy
- Drug, Alcohol and Tobacco Use Policy
- Harassment Policy Judicial, Military Duty and Religious Leave Policy
- Employment Status Policy and Exhibits
- Professional Personnel Hiring and Recruitment Policy
- Employee Time Schedule Policy
- Professional Personnel Compensation Policy
- Professional Personnel Vacation Policy
- Professional Personnel Duties and Responsibilities Policy
- Personnel Assignment Policy
- Personnel Evaluations Policy
- Personnel Reduction in Force Policy
- Classified Personnel Overtime Pay Policy

HR Policy Considerations...

- Employee Dress Code Policy
- Professional Organization and Labor Union Policy
- Possession of Weapons by Employees Policy
- Professional Duty Free Lunch Policy
- Professional Personnel Staff Meetings Policy
- Professional Personnel Additional Duties Policy
- Sick Leave Bank Policy
- Salary Deductions Policy
- Staff Development Policy
- Staff Complaints and Grievance Policy
- Personal Leave Policy
- Substitute Teachers Policy
- Mandatory Reporting of Child Abuse

Policy

- Nepotism Policy
- Mandatory Reporting of Employee Crimes Policy
- Communicable Diseases Policy
- Employees Seeking or Holding Political Office Policy
- Fundraising and Solicitation Policy
- Gifts to Staff Policy
- Staff Conflicts of Interest Policy
- Criminal Background Check and Fingerprint Policy
- Professional Personnel Ethics Policy
- Employment Application

Illegal Interview Questions

Employers should not ask about any of the following unless it specifically relates to the job requirements, because to not hire a candidate because of any one of them is discriminatory:

- Race
- **7** Color
- Sex
- Sexual orientation / gender identity / gender expression
- Religion
- National origin
- Birthplace
- Age
- Disability
- Marital/family status

Test.....Legal vs. Legal Interview Questions

- Are the following questions **legal** or **illegal** to ask during an interview?
- Are all staff members conducting interviews properly trained?

"At-will" Employment

- → How do you define "at will" ?
- What are some of the potential risks inherent to "atwill" employment?
- Does your school use at-will employment agreements or offer letters?

Termination / Non-Renewal Best Practices

- Make decisions based on facts
- Create a termination / non-renewal checklist to eliminate red flags / opportunity for error
- Is the decision supported by documentation?
- Consult with experts, school attorney, and inform your board early
- **尽** Separation meeting − 3rd party witness
- Prepare for the worst case scenario
- Return of school property
- Terminate email other other access

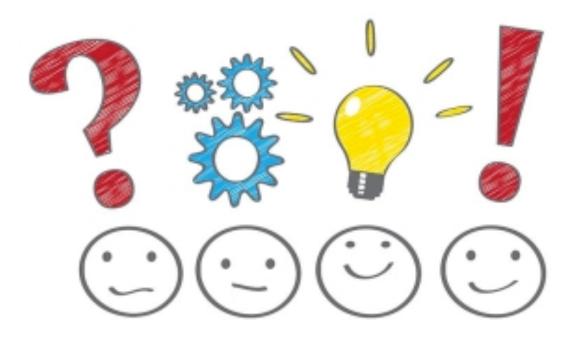
Post-Employment Considerations

- What to do?
- What not to do?
- Have a policy in place for employment verification
- Other considerations?

Are you a **great** employer?

- Based on today's presentation:
 - What are your top HR / employment priorities?
 - What are you most concerned about?
 - What is the most important "take-away"?

Questions?



Thank you!

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Resources

- Charterschooltools.org
- CharterSAFE "Bullet Proof Your Charter School"
- New Schools Venture Fund "The Design and Implementation of a Highly Effective Teacher Recruitment System"
- National Center on School Choice