

# Georgia Principles and Standards for Charter School Authorizing

## Category I. Authorizer Commitment & Capacity

**Standard 1. Human Resources.** The authorizer identifies appropriate personnel to carry out its authorizing obligations, including the point(s) of contact who will coordinate charter school support.

**Standard 2. Financial Resources.** Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 20-2-2068.1 and O.C.G.A. § 20-2-2089, the authorizer allocates the required financial resources to support charter schools, treats charter schools no less favorably than other local schools within the system unless otherwise provided by law, and provides transparency on the availability and allocation of charter school funding.

## Category II. The Petition Process

**Standard 3. Petition Application.** The authorizer publishes a written petition application in accordance with state requirements and timelines. The authorizer provides reasonable and timely technical assistance and is responsive to petitioner questions.

**Standard 4. Petition Review.** The authorizer conducts petition review in accordance with state requirements. The petition review includes an evaluation team of no fewer than three individuals with diverse expertise, with at least one of the individuals having charter school experience. For the review of local charter petitions at least one of the individuals on the evaluation team shall have district administrative experience.

**Standard 5. Petition Decisions.** The authorizer grants charters only to petitioners that have demonstrated competence and capacity to succeed in all aspects of the school, including a strong plan for improving student opportunities and outcomes. The authorizer makes petition decisions that are free from conflicts of interest.

## Category III. Performance Contracting

**Standard 6. Pre-Opening Period.** The authorizer establishes clear and necessary, but not overly burdensome expectations for the pre-opening period including, but not limited to, expectations regarding facilities, student enrollment and board development.

**Standard 7. Performance Standards.** The authorizer, through the performance contract, establishes high academic, financial, and operational performance standards under which schools will be evaluated, using objective and verifiable measures of student achievement and growth as the primary measure of school quality.

**Standard 8. Contract Terms and Agreements.** The authorizer executes an initial contract for a term of five years that clearly outlines the rights and responsibilities of the school and the authorizer.

Agreements related to funding or in-kind services not required by OGGA §20-2-2068.1 or §20-2-2089 or that are not included in the charter contract, must be negotiated and executed in writing and signed by

the local authorizer and charter school (for local charter schools) or the State Charter Schools Commission and state charter school (for state charter schools).

**Standard 9. Authorizer Obligations.** The authorizer follows all authorizing obligations outlined in law, State Board Rule, and the charter contract.

#### Category IV. Oversight and Evaluation

**Standard 10. Compliance Monitoring.** The authorizer protects the public interest and holds charter schools accountable for their obligations of governance, management, and oversight of public funds. The authorizer defines, communicates, and effectively implements the processes, methods, and timing of collecting and reporting school performance and compliance information. The authorizer conducts school visits as appropriate and necessary, and annually publishes school performance data.

**Standard 11. Intervention.** The authorizer gives schools evidence-based and timely notice of contract violations or performance deficiencies and allows schools reasonable time and opportunity for remediation.

**Standard 12. Upholds Charter School Autonomy.** The authorizer upholds charter school autonomy in school level governance, including personnel decisions, financial decisions, curriculum and instruction, resource allocation, establishing and monitoring the achievement of school improvement goals, and school operations.

#### Category V. Renewal and Termination

**Standard 13. Renewal and Termination Process.** The authorizer clearly communicates to schools the criteria for charter termination, renewal, and non-renewal that are consistent with the terms of the charter contract. The renewal process includes a written application and an opportunity for an interview.

**Standard 14. Renewal Decisions.** The authorizer bases renewal decisions on a thorough analyses of the criteria outlined in the charter contract, with objective and verifiable measures of student achievement and growth as the primary measure of school quality. The authorizer ensures the renewal decision-making processes are free of conflicts of interest. The authorizer communicates renewal decisions to the school community and public within a timeframe that allows parents and students to exercise choices for the coming school year.

**Standard 15. Closure.** In the event of school closure, either at the conclusion of the charter term or during the charter term, the authorizer oversees and ensures the school governing board and leadership carry out a detailed closure protocol that includes the provisions outlined in the charter contract, such as ensuring timely notification to parents; orderly transition of students and student records to new schools; and disposition of school funds, property, and assets in accordance with law, rule and contract terms.